#### STAN-TONE VCP-GREY

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 01/01/2025



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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **STAN-TONE VCP-GREY**

Section 1. Identificat	ion	
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type	:	STAN-TONE VCP-GREY Mixture Mixture FO20030431 solid
<u>Relevant identified uses of the sub</u> Product use	ostance	or mixture and uses advised against Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	AVIENT CORPORATION 1675 Navarre Road SW, Massillon, Ohio USA 44646
		1 330 837 8679
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

## Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. All ingredients are bound in a PVC polymer matrix and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. PVC resin is manufactured from Vinyl Chloride Monomer (VCM). PVC resin manufacturers take special efforts to strip residual VCM from their resins. Residual VCM in the resin is typically below 8.5 ppm. However, VCM is a known carcinogen. The end-user (fabricator) should take necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, local exhaust, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure to any vapors or dusts that may be released during heating or fabrication. See Sections 8 and 11 for special precautions.After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
GHS label elements		
Signal word	:	Warning

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Hazard statements	:	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
Precautionary statements		
	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Not applicable.
Response	:	Not applicable.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	Keep container tightly closed.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.
		Not available.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20030431

**CAS number/other identifiers** 

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	>= 10 - <= 25	13463-67-7
Carbon black	>= 5 - <= 10	1333-86-4
Silica, amorphous	>= 1 - <= 3	7631-86-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **Section 4. First aid measures**

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.

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	Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable
		for breathing.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated
		clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the
-		exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink.
		Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.	
Inhalation	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.	
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms			
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation	
Inhalation	:	redness Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Skin contact	:	No specific data.	
Ingestion	:	No specific data.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

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Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical powder. Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl). Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire- exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Mathada and matavials for containm		

Methods and	materials fo	or containment	and cleaning up

Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-
		proof equipment. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a

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designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosionproof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Large spill

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (2022-01-06)
	TWA 0.2 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, nanoscale particles
	TWA 2.5 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
Carbon black	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	TWA 3.5 mg/m3
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	TWA 3.5 mg/m3
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	TWA 3.5 mg/m3
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	TWA 0.1 mgPAH/m <sup>3</sup>
	ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06)
	TWA 3 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction
Silica, amorphous	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	TWA 6 mg/m3

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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**Individual protection measures** 

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Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.</li> </ul>

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	:	solid [Very fine powder.]
Color	:	GREY
Odor	:	Not available.

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Odor threshold pH Melting point Boiling point Flash point	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> </ul>
Burning time Burning rate Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Lower: Not applicable.</li> <li>Upper: Not applicable.</li> </ul>
Vapor pressure Vapor density	<ul><li>Not available.</li><li>Not applicable.</li></ul>
Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> </ul>
Decomposition temperature SADT Viscosity	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Dynamic: Not available.</li> <li>Kinematic: Not applicable.</li> </ul>

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or
Chemical stability	:	its ingredients. Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	:	Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers



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		during processing. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
		oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition
products		products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Titanium oxide (TiO2)				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h
	Dusts and mists		_	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-
Carbon black		•		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Silica	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: Mixture.N	ot fully tested.			
Eyes	: Mixture.N	ot fully tested.			
Respiratory	: Mixture.N	ot fully tested.			
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: Mixture.N	ot fully tested.			
Respiratory	: Mixture.N	ot fully tested.			
<b>Mutagenicity</b>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.N	ot fully tested.			
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.N	ot fully tested.			

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#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP				
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	-	2B	-				
Carbon black	-	2B 2B	-				
Silica	_	3					
billed		5					
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>							
Conclusion/Summary	usion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.						
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	<u>Teratogenicity</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	: N	lixture.Not fully	tested.				
Specific target organ toxicity ( Not available.	single exposu	<u>re)</u>					
Specific target organ toxicity ( Not available.	repeated expo	osure)					
Aspiration hazard Not available.							
Information on the likely rout exposure	Information on the likely routes of : Not available. exposure						
Potential acute health effects							
Eye contact			ne concentrations above statutory or recommended ay cause irritation of the eyes.				
Inhalation	: E	xposure to airbor	ne concentration of the cycs. ay cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.				
Skin contact							
Ingestion		No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics							
Eye contact	: A	dverse symptoms	s may include the following: irritation, redness				
Inhalation		• •	s may include the following: respiratory tract				
		ritation, coughing					
Skin contact		o specific data.					
Ingestion	: N	No specific data.					
Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure							

Short term exposure

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Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects		No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxicity		
<u>Acute toxicity estimates</u> N/A		
Other information	:	This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Result	Species	Exposure
Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 h
Marine water		
Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 h
_	dubia	
Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 h
water		
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l       Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus         Marine water       Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia         Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water       Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia         Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh       Daphnia - Daphnia pulex

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Carbon black	Acute EC50 37.563 Mg/l Fresh		Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
	water	.50 57.505 Mg/1 Presi	Dapinna - Dapinna magna	40 11
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.		
Persistence and degradability				
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.		
<u>Bioaccumulative potential</u> Not available. Mobility in soil				
Soil/water partition coefficien (KOC)	ıt :	Not available.		
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant	effects or critical hazards.	
Section 13. Disposa	l consi	iderations		
Disposal methods	:	possible. Disposal of t	te should be avoided or minimize his product, solutions and any by apply with the requirements of en-	-products

possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

## Section 14. Transport information

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U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
International Water IMO/IMDG	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None
	of the components are listed.
	United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not
	determined
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report
	(PAIR): Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):
	Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed
	United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed 2-Ethylhexanoic acid zinc salt
	Vinyl chloride monomer
	United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -
	Hazardous substances: Not listed
	United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental
	release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed
	United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental
	release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

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United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:	Listed
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II	:	Not listed
Substances		
<b>DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor</b>	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		
<b>DEA List II Chemicals (Essential</b>	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification

: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Ethene, chloro-,	>= 10 - <= 25	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
homopolymer		
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	>= 10 - <= 25	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Carbon black	>= 5 - <= 10	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Silica	>= 1 - <= 3	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

Not applicable.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	:	The following components are listed:
		Titanium dioxide
		Iron oxide
		Carbon black
		Silica, amorphous
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed:
-		Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer
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Titanium dioxide Iron oxide Carbon black The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide Iron oxide

Carbon black

:

Silica, amorphous

#### California Prop. 65

Pennsylvania

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Titanium dioxide	-	-
Carbon black	-	-

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are active or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
International regulations Inventory list		
Australia	:	Not determined.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	Not determined.
Eurasian Economic Union	:	Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
-		Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	:	Not determined.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.
Thailand	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	:	Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information



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#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	0
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		0
		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

<b>History</b>		
Date of printing	:	01/10/2025
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	01/01/2025
Date of previous issue	:	11/06/2012
Version	:	1.1
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
·		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		$\hat{U}N = United Nations$
References	:	Not available.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.